

$\sum_{j=1}^J$ (46) immediately yields

$$(47) \quad I - E_J^* E_J = E_0^* E_0 - E_J^* E_J = \sum_{j=1}^J E_{j-1}^* Q_j E_{j-1}$$

For $\omega = \max_{j=1, \dots, J} \sup_{w \in V} \frac{a(P_j w, P_j w)}{a(P_j w, w)} \stackrel{\text{mus}}{=} \max_{j=1, \dots, J} \|P_j\|_a < 2$,

we have (cf. also Assumption 3.20)

$$\begin{aligned} a(Q_j v, v) &= a((2I - P_j)P_j v, v) = \\ &= 2a(P_j v, v) - \frac{a(P_j v, P_j v)}{a(P_j v, v)} a(P_j v, v) \\ &\geq \left[2 - \sup_{w \in V} \frac{a(P_j w, P_j w)}{a(P_j w, w)} \right] a(P_j v, v) \\ &\geq [2 - \omega] a(P_j v, v), \text{ i.e.} \end{aligned}$$

$$Q_j \geq (2 - \omega) P_j \quad \text{wrt } a(\cdot, \cdot)$$

$$P_j = P_j^* \geq 0 \quad \text{wrt } a(\cdot, \cdot)$$

Therefore, $Q_j \geq (2 - \omega) P_j$ and (47) yields

$$(48) \quad \boxed{I - E_J^* E_J \geq (2 - \omega) \sum_{j=1}^J E_{j-1}^* P_j E_{j-1}}$$

Road map:



$$\geq \alpha I, \quad \alpha \in (0, 1)$$

$$\Rightarrow (1 - \alpha) I \geq E_J^* E_J$$

$$\Rightarrow (1 - \alpha) a(v, v) \geq a(E_J^* E_J v, v) = a(E_J v, E_J v) = \|E_J v\|_a^2$$

$= \|v\|_a^2$

$$1 > \rho_{\text{MSM}}^2 = 1 - \alpha \geq \sup_{v \in V} \frac{\|E_J v\|_a^2}{\|v\|_a^2} = \|E_J\|_a^2.$$