

Example 5.2: Double Layer potential operator V given on a circle Ω with the radius r , i.e.

$$\Gamma = \partial\Omega := \{x = x(t) := r \begin{bmatrix} \cos 2\pi t \\ \sin 2\pi t \end{bmatrix} \in \mathbb{R}^2 : 0 \leq t < 1\}.$$

Then we have

$$Ku(y) = \int_{\Gamma} \frac{\partial E}{\partial n_x}(x, y) u(x) dS_x =$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2\pi r} \int_{\Gamma} \frac{(x, x-y)}{|x-y|^2} u(x) dS_x$$

$$\begin{aligned} E(x, y) &= -\frac{1}{2\pi} \ln|x-y| \\ \nabla_x E(x, y) &= -\frac{1}{2\pi} \frac{x-y}{|x-y|^2} \\ n_x &= \frac{1}{|\dot{x}(t)|} \begin{pmatrix} \dot{x}_2(t) \\ -\dot{x}_1(t) \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \frac{1}{r} x(t) \end{aligned}$$

$$|\dot{x}(t)| = 2\pi r$$

$$\begin{aligned} |x-y|^2 &= |x(t)-y(s)|^2 = \\ &= 4r^2 \sin^2 \pi(t-s) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (x, x-y) &= r^2 \left(\begin{bmatrix} \cos 2\pi t \\ \sin 2\pi t \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -2\sin \pi(t-s) \sin \pi(t-s) \\ 2\cos \pi(t-s) \sin \pi(t-s) \end{bmatrix} \right) \\ &= \dots \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(x, x-y)}{|x-y|^2} = \frac{1}{2} \quad (\text{mms})$$



$$= -\frac{1}{2\pi r} \int_0^1 \frac{(x(t), x(t)-y(s))}{|x(t)-y(s)|^2} u(x(t)) |\dot{x}(t)| dt$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \int_0^1 u(t) dt$$

Therefore, the BVP

$$K v_k = \lambda_k v_k, \quad k \in \mathbb{Z}$$

has the following solution (mms):

- eigenfunctions: $v_k = \exp(i 2\pi k t)$
- eigenvalues: $\lambda_k = \begin{cases} -1/2, & k \neq 0, \\ 0, & k = 0. \end{cases}$