

Solution Technique in the Neighborhood of Singular Points

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1 Condition Number Estimate

2 Discretization Error Estimates

- Discretization Error Estimates in $\Omega \setminus K_\delta$
- Discretization Error Estimates in K_δ

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Condition Number Estimate

Model Problem

$$\begin{aligned} -\Delta u + u &= f && \text{in } \Omega \\ \frac{\partial u}{\partial n} &= 0 && \text{on } \partial\Omega \end{aligned}$$

Condition Number

$$\text{cond}_2(L) = \frac{\lambda_{\max}(L)}{\lambda_{\min}(L)} \leq c \frac{1}{h^2}$$

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Model Problem

$$\begin{aligned} -\operatorname{div}(A\nabla u) + bu &= f && \text{in } \Omega \\ u &= 0 && \text{on } \Gamma_D \\ \frac{\partial u}{\partial n} + \sigma u &= 0 && \text{on } \Gamma_R \end{aligned}$$

- the origin is the only singular point
- linear FE with discretization parameter h

$$\|u - \tilde{v}\|_{L_2(\Omega)} \leq ch^{2\lambda} \|f\|_{L_2(\Omega)} \quad (1)$$

with $\lambda = \frac{\pi}{\beta}$.

Desired Error Estimate

$$\|u - \tilde{v}\|_{W_2^1(\Omega \setminus K_\delta)} \leq ch \|f\|_{L_2(\Omega)}$$

$$\left\| u - \widetilde{\tilde{v}} \right\|_{W_2^1(K_\delta)} \leq ch \|f\|_{L_2(\Omega)}$$

thus:

$$\|u - v_1\|_{W_2^1(\Omega)} \leq ch \|f\|_{L_2(\Omega)}$$

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Construct Cut-Off Function Q

- 1 $Q \in W_\infty^2(\Omega)$
- 2 $Q(x, y) = \begin{cases} 1 & : (x, y) \notin K_\delta \\ 0 & : (x, y) \in K_{\kappa\delta}, 0 < \kappa < 1 \end{cases}$
- 3 $\frac{\partial Q}{\partial N} \Big|_{S=\partial\Omega} = 0$, with $\frac{\partial Q}{\partial N} := a_{ij} \frac{\partial Q}{\partial x_j} \cos(n, x_i)$

Discretization Error Estimates in $\Omega \setminus K_\delta$

$$q(x, y) := \left(x - y \frac{a_{12}(x, 0)}{a_{22}(x, 0)} \right)^2 + Ky^2$$

$$q_1(x, y) := \xi \left(\frac{q(x, y)}{c_1^2 \delta^2} \right)$$

$$q_2(x, y) := \xi \left(\frac{q(x, y)}{c_2^2 \delta^2} \right)$$

we define

$$Q(x, y) := \begin{cases} q_1(x, y) \cos^2 \left(\frac{\pi \theta}{2\beta} \right) + q_2(x, y) \sin^2 \left(\frac{\pi \theta}{2\beta} \right) & : (x, y) \in \Omega \cap K_\delta \\ 1 & : (x, y) \in \Omega \setminus K_\delta \end{cases}$$

Discretization Error Estimates in $\Omega \setminus K_\delta$

$$L_\Omega(\tilde{v} - \tilde{u}, \phi) = L_\Omega(u - \tilde{u}, \phi); \quad \forall \phi \in H_h$$

defining $\tilde{w} := \tilde{v} - \tilde{u}$ and $\phi := \widetilde{Q\tilde{w}}$ we get:

$$\begin{aligned} L_\Omega(\tilde{w}, Q\tilde{w}) = \\ L_\Omega(\tilde{w}, Q\tilde{w} - \widetilde{Q\tilde{w}}) + L_\Omega(u - \tilde{u}, \widetilde{Q\tilde{w}} - Q\tilde{w}) + L_\Omega(u - \tilde{u}, Q\tilde{w}) \end{aligned}$$

further:

$$\begin{aligned} L_\Omega(\tilde{w}, Q\tilde{w}) = \int_\Omega Q \left(a_{ij} \frac{\partial \tilde{w}}{\partial x_i} \frac{\partial \tilde{w}}{\partial x_j} + b\tilde{w}^2 \right) d\Omega + \int_S \sigma Q \tilde{w}^2 ds \\ + \int_\Omega \tilde{w} a_{ij} \frac{\partial Q}{\partial x_i} \frac{\partial \tilde{w}}{\partial x_j} d\Omega \end{aligned}$$

partial integration yields:

$$\begin{aligned} & \int_{\Omega} Q \left(a_{ij} \frac{\partial \tilde{w}}{\partial x_i} \frac{\partial \tilde{w}}{\partial x_j} + b \tilde{w}^2 \right) d\Omega + \int_S \sigma Q \tilde{w}^2 ds \\ &= L_{\Omega}(\tilde{w}, Q\tilde{w} - \widetilde{Q\tilde{w}}) + L_{\Omega}(u - \tilde{u}, \widetilde{Q\tilde{w}} - Q\tilde{w}) \\ & \quad + L_{\Omega}(u - \tilde{u}, Q\tilde{w}) + \frac{1}{2} \int_{\Omega} \tilde{w}^2 \frac{\partial}{\partial x_j} \left(a_{ij} \frac{\partial Q}{\partial x_i} \right) d\Omega \end{aligned}$$

Discretization Error Estimates in $\Omega \setminus K_\delta$

After estimation of all the terms we arrive at:

$$\begin{aligned} & (1 - C\epsilon) \int_{\Omega} Qa_{ij} \left(|\nabla \tilde{w}|^2 + b\tilde{w}^2 \right) d\Omega + \int_S \sigma Q \tilde{w}^2 ds \\ & \leq ch \|\tilde{w}\|_{W_2^1(\Omega)}^2 + ch^2 (\|f\|_{L_2(\Omega)} \|\tilde{w}\|_{W_2^1(\Omega)} + \|f\|_{L_2(\Omega)}^2) \\ & \quad + ch^2 \|f\|_{L_2(\Omega)} \|\tilde{w}\|_{L_2(\Omega)} + c \|\tilde{w}\|_{L_2(\Omega)}^2 \\ & \leq ch^2 \|f\|_{L_2(\Omega)} \end{aligned}$$

thus

$$\|u - \tilde{v}\|_{W_2^1(\Omega \setminus K_\delta)} \leq ch \|f\|_{L_2(\Omega)}$$

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Discretization Error Estimates in K_δ

Denote by $\tilde{\tilde{v}}$ the solution of the BVP on the graded mesh:

$$L(\tilde{\tilde{v}}, \varphi) = \int_d \left(a_{ij} \frac{\partial \tilde{\tilde{v}}}{\partial x_i} \frac{\partial \tilde{\varphi}}{\partial x_j} + b \tilde{\tilde{v}} \right) d\Omega + \int_\gamma \sigma \tilde{\tilde{v}} \tilde{\varphi} ds = (f, \tilde{\varphi})_d$$
$$\forall \tilde{\varphi} \in H_h^0(d_{\text{ex}}^h)$$

Discretization Error Estimates in K_δ

With $w := u - u_0$ and $\tilde{z} = \tilde{v} - \tilde{v}_0$ we get:

$$L(\tilde{z} - \tilde{w}, \tilde{\phi}) = L(v_0 - \tilde{v}_0, \tilde{\phi}) + L(u_0 - v_0, \tilde{\phi}) + L(w - \tilde{w}, \tilde{\phi})$$

Note:

$\tilde{v}_0, \tilde{w}, \tilde{z}, \tilde{v}$ and $\tilde{\phi}$ continuous, piecewise linear f.e. functions
on the new mesh;
 \tilde{v} continuous, piecewise linear functions
on the original mesh

Discretization Error Estimates in K_δ

Setting $\tilde{\phi} = \tilde{\tilde{z}} - \tilde{w}$

$$\begin{aligned} & \|\tilde{\tilde{z}} - \tilde{w}\|_{W_2^1(d)} \\ & \leq \left(\|v_0 - \tilde{v}_0\|_{W_2^1(d)} + \|u_0 - v_0\|_{W_2^1(d)} + \|w - \tilde{w}\|_{W_2^1(d)} \right) \end{aligned}$$

Discretization Error Estimates in K_δ

Estimating all terms:

$$\|\tilde{\tilde{z}} - \tilde{w}\|_{W_2^1(d)} \leq ch \|f\|_{L_2(\Omega)}$$

and we get

$$\|u - \tilde{\tilde{v}}\|_{W_2^1(d)} \leq ch \|f\|_{L_2(\Omega)}$$

Thank you for your attention!