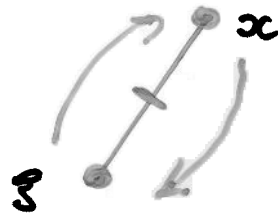


$$(27) (L_h z, z) = \sum_{x \in \omega} \left(- \sum_{\xi \in S(x)} \bar{a}(x_\xi) \frac{z(\xi) - z(x)}{h(x, \xi)} S(x_\xi) z(x) \right)$$

$$L_h z(x) = - \frac{1}{H(x)} \sum_{\xi \in S(x)} \bar{a}(x_\xi) \frac{z(\xi) - z(x)}{h(x, \xi)} S(x_\xi) + \bar{c}(x) z^2(x) H(x)$$

$$= \sum_{x \in \omega} \sum_{\xi \in S(x)} \bar{a}(x_\xi) \left(- \frac{z(\xi) - z(x)}{h(x, \xi)} \frac{z(x)}{h(x, \xi)} \right) h(x, \xi) S(x_\xi) + \sum_{x \in \omega} \bar{c}(x) z^2(x) H(x)$$



$$h(x, \xi) = h(\xi, x)$$

$$= (z(\xi) - z(x)) z(x) - (z(x) - z(\xi)) z(\xi)$$

$$= z^2(x) - 2z(x)z(\xi) + z^2(\xi) = (z(\xi) - z(x))^2$$

$$= \sum_{x_\xi} \bar{a}(x_\xi) \underbrace{\left(\frac{z(\xi) - z(x)}{h(x, \xi)} \right)^2}_{=: z_h(x_\xi)} H'(x_\xi) + \sum_{x \in \omega} \bar{c}(x) z^2(x) H(x)$$

$$\geq \tilde{\mu}_1 \|z\|_{W_2^1(\omega)}^2$$

$$\text{with } \tilde{\mu}_1 = \begin{cases} \min\{\bar{a}_1, \bar{c}_1\}, & \text{if } \bar{c}(x) \geq \bar{c}_1 = \text{const} > 0 \forall x \in \omega_h \forall h \in \mathcal{D}, \\ \bar{a}_1 (1 + \bar{c}_F^2)^{-1}, & \text{if } \bar{c}(x) \geq 0 \forall x \in \omega_h \forall h \in \mathcal{D}, \end{cases}$$

where $\bar{a}_1 = \text{const} > 0 : \bar{a}(x_\xi) \geq \bar{a}_1 = \text{const} > 0 \forall x, \xi \in \bar{\omega}_h \forall h \in \mathcal{D}$,

$\bar{c}_F = \text{const} > 0 : \text{Constant from the discrete Friedrichs ineq.}$

$$\|z\|_{L_2(\omega)} \leq \bar{c}_F |z|_{W_2^1(\omega)} \forall z \in W_2^1(\omega_h) \forall h \in \mathcal{D}$$

Proof: (mms)

Hint: Use the known Friedrichs inequality for

$$\tilde{z}_h \in \tilde{V}_{0h} \subset W_2^1(\Omega), \tilde{z}_h \leftrightarrow z :$$

$$\|\tilde{z}_h\|_{L_2(\Omega)} \leq C_F |\tilde{z}_h|_{W_2^1(\Omega)} \forall \tilde{z}_h \in \tilde{V}_{0h}.$$