

$$\psi_c^j = \psi(x_i, t_j) = \left[\frac{u(x_i, t_j + \tau) - u(x_i, t_j)}{\tau} - \frac{\partial u}{\partial t}(x_i, t_j) \right] = O(\tau)$$

$$- \alpha \left[\frac{u(x_i - h, t_j) - 2u(x_i, t_j) + u(x_i + h, t_j))}{h^2} - \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}(x_i, t_j) \right] = O(h^2)$$

$$(3) = O(\tau + h^2) = \text{Approximationsfehler (Konsistenzfehler)}$$

Resultat:

(4)

$$z_{t,i}^j - \alpha z_{xx,i}^j = \psi_c^j := O(\tau + h^2)$$

$$\text{RB: } z_0^j = z_n^j = 0 \quad \forall j = 0, 1, 2, \dots, m$$

$$\text{AB: } z_i^0 = u(x_i, t_0) - v_i^0 = 0, \quad i = 0, \dots, n$$

$$z_{t,i}^j = \alpha z_{xx,i}^j + \psi_c^j$$

$$(4) \quad z_c^{j+1} = z_c^j + \alpha \frac{\tau}{h^2} [z_{c-1}^j - 2z_c^j + z_{c+1}^j] + \tau \psi_c^j$$

$i = \overline{1, n-1}, \quad j = \overline{0, m-1}$

$$(4) \quad z^{j+1} := \begin{bmatrix} z_1^{j+1} \\ z_2^{j+1} \\ \vdots \\ z_{n-2}^{j+1} \\ z_{n-1}^{j+1} \end{bmatrix} = z^j - \alpha \frac{\tau}{h^2} \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 & & & \\ -1 & 2 & -1 & & \\ & & \ddots & \ddots & \\ & & & \ddots & \ddots \\ \textcircled{1} & & & -1 & 2 & -1 \\ & & & & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} z^j + \tau \psi^j$$